Imation Enterprises Corp. 1 Imation Place Oakdale, Minnesota 55128-3414 1-888-466-3456

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

For Medical Emergencies call: 1-800-328-5274

For Transport/Spill Emergencies call: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (USA) or 1-202-483-7616 (Outside USA)

Effective Date: 08/31/2006

Supercedes:

CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MATERIAL TYPE: Toner Cartridges

MSDS ID: 21-2632-4

ITEM NUMBER: 66000096181

PRODUCT NAME: Imation EarthWise HP Colour Laser Jet 5500, 5550 C9733A (with chip) Magenta

BRAND: Imation

MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Mitsubishi Kagaku Imaging Corporation/MN.C55M17 Toner

HP5500CHEMM10KG

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Material Safety Data Sheet

MSDS Number: TN366 Product Name: MN.C55M17 Toner Revision: [00]08/31/2006

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: MN.C55M17 Toner Chemical Formula NA CAS Number: NA (mixture) General Use: Toner

Future Graphics LLC Part Number: HP5500CHEMM10KG

Mitsubishi Kagaku Imaging Corporation Distributor: Company Name: Future Graphics LLC **Street Address:** 401 Volvo Parkway **Street Address:** 1175 Aviation Place San Fernando Town: Chesapeake Town: State: Virginia State: California 23320 91340 Zip Code: Zip Code:

Emergency Contacts: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 Other Contacts: Future Graphics LLC 800-394-9900

Health	1
Fire	1
Reactivity	0
PPE	(See Sec. 8)

Issue Date: 8/31/2006

<<>>> EMERGENCY OVERVIEW <<<>>>

This product may cause irritation of the respiratory system, eyes, and skin. This product is stable under normal conditions of use.

Section 2 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	Pigmer	nt	CAS No.	Proprietary	% in Mixture 1-20
		OSHA	ACGIH	NIOSH	UNIT OF MEASURE
TWA		NE	NE	NE	mg/cu.meter
STEL		NE	NE	NE	mg/cu.meter
IDLH		NA	NA	NE	mg/cu.meter

<u>Ingredient</u>	Silica, amorphous	CAS No. Proprietary		<u>% in Mixture</u> <	
	OSHA	ACGIH	NIOSH	UNIT OF MEASURE	
TWA	80 / % SiO2	10	6	mg/cu.meter	
STEL	NE	NE	NE	mg/cu.meter	
IDLH	NA	NA	NE	mg/cu.meter	

Ingredient	Sty	rene Acrylate Copolyme	r <u>CAS No.</u>	Proprietary	% in Mixture 70	0-95
		OSHA	ACGIH	NIOSH	UNIT OF MEASURE	
TWA		NE	NE	NE	mg/cu.meter	
STEL		NE	NE	NE	mg/cu.meter	
IDLH		NA	NA	NE	mg/cu.meter	

^{*} TOTAL DUST / INHALABLE DUST

OVERALL MIXTURE:

This product is a mixture of dry chemical components. OSHA regulatory limits set for PARTICULATES NOT

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^{**} RESPIRABLE DUST

^{***} Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information

OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED are: 15 mg/cu.meter for TOTAL DUST / INHALABLE DUST and 5 mg/cu.meter for RESPIRABLE DUST.

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Primary Entry Routes:

Absorption, Ingestion, Inhalation

Target Organs:

NA

Inhalation Effects:

Slight irritation of respiratory tract.

Eve Effects:

Dust may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion.

Skin Effects:

May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion Effects:

NA

Carcinogenicity:

NA

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Long-term Exposure:

Accumulation of dust in the respiratory system may cause moderate congestion.

Chronic Effects and/or Recommendations:

If use generates airborne particles, treat as a NUISANCE PARTICULATE (ACGIHTLV = 10 mg/cu. meter).

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation:

Protect yourself with appropriate PPE, remove the person to fresh air. Decontaminate and begin rescue breathing if breathing has stopped and CPR if heart action has stopped. Seek prompt medical attention.

Eye:

DO NOT allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly shut. Gently lift eyelids and immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water. Remove any contact lenses. Continue to flush for at least 30 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek prompt medical attention.

Skin

Quickly remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash area with large amounts of water. Seek prompt medical attention for any reddened skin other than from washing.

Ingestion:

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Contact a Poison Control Center (PCC). Unless the PCC advises otherwise, have the conscious and alert person drink 1 to 2 glasses of water to dilute. Induce vomiting only after recent ingestions due to the possibility of seizures. Seek prompt medical attention.

Additional First Aid Information:

NA

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fla	ash Point:	Flash Point Method:
NA		NA
Flammabil	ity Classification:	Auto Ignition Temperature:
1 Slight (HMIS, NFPA)		ND
LEL:	UEL:	Burning Rate:
NA	NA	NA

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Extinguishing Media:

Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, or halon-type extinguishers.

Unusual Fire / Explosion Hazards:

May form flammable dust-air mixture.

Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, and smoke. Under certain conditions some aliphatic aldehydes and carboxylic acids may form.

Fire-Fighting Instructions:

Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

Fire-Fighting Equipment:

Because fire may produce toxic thermal decomposition products, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or positive-pressure mode.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Containment Method:

When cleaning up spilled material, keep unnecessary people away, isolate area, and deny entry until the spilled material has been removed. Scoop up material and place in a chemical waste container. Suction up remaining material using a high efficiency vacuum cleaner. Avoid suspending particles in the air. Extreme caution should be used as material presents a slip hazard.

Reporting Requirements:

Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120).

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling Precautions:

Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid creating dust. Keep away from ignition sources.

Storage Requirements:

Product is prone to gradual oxidation which may reduce quality over time.

Regulatory Requirements:

Follow all applicable local, state, and Federal regulations.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Ventilation

The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release in order to maintain airborne concentrations of the product below OSHA PELs (See Section 2). Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into the work area by controlling it at its source.

Respiratory Protection

IMPROPER USE OF RESPIRATORS IS DANGEROUS. Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134 and 1910.137) and, if necessary, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given work conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. For emergency or non-routine operations (cleaning spills, reactor vessels, or storage tanks), wear an SCBA. WARNING! Air purifying respirators do not protect worker in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. If respirators are used, OSHA requires a written respiratory protection program that includes at least: medical certification, training, fit testing, peroidic environmental monitoring, maintenance, inspection, cleaning and convenient, sanitary storage areas.

Protective Clothing and Equipment

Wear chemically protective gloves, boots, aprons, and gauntlets to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear splash-proof chemical goggles and face shield when working with liquid, unless full facepiece respiratory protection is worn. Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn

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instead of, or in conjunction with contact lenses.

Safety Stations

Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities avalable in work area.

Contaminated Equipment

Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes. Launder before reuse. Remove material from your shoes and clean personal protective equipment. Never take home contaminated clothing.

Comments

Never eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the restroom, or apply cosmetics.

Additional Information

NA

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point:	Freezing or Melting Point:	Odor Threshold:	Physical State:
NA	100 - 150 degree centigrade.	ND	Solid
Viscosity:	Refractive Index:	Vapor Density (Air = 1)	Appearance and Odor:
NA	NA	Heavier than air.	Magenta fine powder, faint odor.
	Surface	Vapor	Water
% Volatiles:	Tension:	Pressures:	Solubility:
NA	NA	NA	Negligible
Density:	Evaporation Rate:	Formula Weight:	Other Solubilities:
1.0 - 2.0	NA	NA	Partially soluble in toluene and xylene.
	Specifice Gravity w	here	Additional
pH:	Water = 1 at $4 deg$	C	Comments:
NA	NA		NA

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability:	Polymerization:	Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Stable under	Hazardous	Combustion will produce carbon dioxide and possibly toxic
conditions of normal	polymerization cannot	chemicals such as carbon monoxide.
use.	occur.	
	Chemica	al Incompatibilities:
NA		
	Conc	ditions to Avoid:
NA		
	Oth	her Comments:
NA		

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Checked box indicates that related health effects criteria applies to the overall mixture.

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EXPLANATION of HEALTH EFFECTS: Ames Test Negative. LD50 > 5000 mg/kg. EXPLANATION of TOXICOLOGICAL CRITERIA: Chemical Component: Pigment May cross react with similar compounds. Some azo dyes may cause irritation, allergic contact dermatitis, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhea, fever, general malaise, and hypotension. Chemical Component: Silica, amorphous SILICON DIOXIDE: CARCINOGEN STATUS: IARC: Human Inadequate Evidence, Animal Inadequate Evidence, Group 3, (Amorphous silica) MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGRRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: respiratory disorders HEALTH EFFECTS: INHALATION: ACUTE EXPOSURE: SILICON DIOXIDE: Dusts may cause irritation of the respiratory tract and coughing. CHRONIC EXPOSURE: SILICON DIOXIDE: Exposure to dusts of amorphous silica for 6 months to 30 years may result in silicosis with symptoms of cough, chest pain, dyspnea, tachypnea, marked weakness, and weight loss. This pulmonary insufficiency may be characterized by diffuse nodular fibrosis, distortion of bronchi, bullous emphysema. Although pulmonary fibrosis has been reported from the workers exposed to amorphous silica, the crystalline form is the established cause of fibrotic response in the lung. However, the amorphous form has been reported as fibrogenic to a lesser extent. As the disease progresses, cor pulmonale, cardiorespiratory failure, and death may occur. SKIN CONTACT: ACUTE EXPOSURE: SILICON DIOXIDE: Prolonged skin contact with dry particulate may cause drying of the skin. CHRONIC EXPOSURE: SILICON DIOXIDE: Dusts may cause irritation with redness and pain. CHRONIC EXPOSURE: SILICON DIOXIDE: Dusts may cause irritation with redness and pain. CHRONIC EXPOSURE: SILICON DIOXIDE: No data available.	Eye Effects Skin Effects	Acute Oral Effects Chronic Effects	Acute Inhalation Effects Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity \Box Teratogenicity \Box			
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	NA						

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal:

Waste material may be disposed of, incinerated, or recycled for its iron oxide under conditions that meet all Federal, State and Local regulations. Contact your supplier or a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations.

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Disposal Regulatory Requirements:

Container Cleaning and Disposal:

CWA 40 CFR 307(a)

NA

Section 14	- Transport	Information
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	DOT Transportation Da	ta (49CFR 1	172.101)	
Shipping Nam	e: Label:		Passenger Air and Raile	ear:
NA	NA		NA	
Shipping Symbo	ols: Special Provi	isions:	Cargo Aircraft:	
NA	NA		NA	
Hazard Class	: Exception	ns:	Oceangoing Vessel Stow	age:
NA	NA NA		NA	<u> </u>
ID Number:	Non-bulk Pac	kaging:	Other:	
NA	NA	****	NA	
Packing Group		ging:		
NA	NA NA	5 5.	_	
	LANATION of APPLICATION T	TRANSPOL	RTATION CRITERIA:	
NA				
	Section 15 - Regulat te that the chemical is subject to cal inventory list			d/or appo
on the associated chemi	te that the chemical is subject to a	the associat		d/or appe
on the associated chemi Chemical Component:	te that the chemical is subject to a cal inventory list Pigment	the associat	ted regulatory requirements an S # Proprietary	d/or appe ✓
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on the associated chemi Chemical Component: 40 CFR 261.33	te that the chemical is subject to a cal inventory list Pigment CAA 40 CFR 112 SARA 40 CFR 311 and 312	the associat	AS # Proprietary TSCA inventory (US)	V
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CHINA inventory

Chemical Component:	Styrene Acrylate Copolymer	CAS # Proprietary	
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CWA 40 CFR 311(b)(4) CWA 40 CFR 307(a)	OSHA 1910 subpart Z	PICCS inventory (Phillipines) CHINA inventory	✓

Section 16 - Other Information

Abbreviations: ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

IDLH - Immediatly Dangerous to Life and Health NA - Not Applicable to the criteria OR Not Available

ND- Not Determined OR Not Known

NE - None established

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation Recovery Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

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Additional Comments NA

Revision Notes: ACB

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