MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT/MANUFACTURER'S IDENTITY

Mark 11 Product Name: Formula ID Number: SL30 ST-735, ST-738, ST-740, ST-740E, Synonyms: MSDS File Name: MARK 11

ST-745, ST-747, ST-2020 EPA Reg #: 10324-120-3640 DOT Hazard Class: None Stearns Packaging Corporation Company:

DOT Shipping Name: Disinfectants, NOI, liquid. 4200 Sycamore Avenue (53714)

PO Box 3216 Item 57100, Sub 3, Class 85

Madison, WI 53704-0216 NSF Certified: D2, 7/20/04 800-655-5008 Phone:

608-246-5149 Fax: Emergency Contact: CHEM-TEL, 800-255-3924 Website: www.stearnspkg.com

Concentrate		In Dilution		HAZARD RATING	
0	Flammability		0	4 = Extreme	
2	Health		1	3 = High 2 = Moderate	
0	Reactivity		0	1 = Slight	
None	Specia	l Hazard	None	0 = Insignificant	

Abbreviation Key: N.A.=Not Applicable, N.D.=Not Determined

SECTION 2 -	IAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMAT	ION

CHEMICAL IDENTIFICATION	CAS NO.	<u>HAZARD</u>	OSHA PEL(ppm)	ACGIH TLV(ppm)	%(Optional)
Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-18) Alkyl dimethyl ethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-14)	68391-01-5 85409-23-0	Corrosive Corrosive			2 - 4
Ethanol	64-17-5	Flammable	1000 (TWA)	1000 (TWA)	<1

SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA

SARA Section 313 Title III Notification Required: No

Appearance and Odor: pH (Concentrate): 6.0 . 8.0 Solubility in water: Complete Vapor Pressure (mm Ha): N.D. Red liquid. Boiling Point: N.D. Vapor Density (Air=1): N.D. pH (1:64 Dilution): 7.0 ± 0.5 fresh scent Melting Point: N.A. Evaporation Rate (Butyl acetate=1): N.D. Specific Gravity: 1.00 @ 23°C Pour Point: N.D VOC Content: N.D. Viscosity: 21.72 cs @ 24°C Percent Volatiles: N.D.

SECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point and Method: Over 210°F (over 99°C)

LEL: N.D. Flammable Limits UEL: N.D

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, foam, CO2, water fog. Solid water streams may spread burning liquid.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Cool fire exposed containers

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: Irritating and toxic gases or fumes may be

released during a fire.

SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA

Hazardous Polymerization: May Occur Chemical Stability: Stable: X Unstable: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid: Heat and strong oxidizing agents.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Strong oxidizing agents (may result in fire), reducing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and toxic hydrogen chloride vapors.

SECTION 6 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA/FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic): Ingestion of ethanol by pregnant women

can cause reproductive toxicity to the fetus Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: <u>Ingestion</u>: Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea and possibly death. Harmful if swallowed. <u>Skin</u>: Causes corrosive burns. Brief exposures may cause irritation and defatting of the skin. Exposures not promptly washed off may lead to toxic effects similar to ingestion. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Inhalation: Mists and vapors can irritate the throat and respiratory tract. High vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system effects.
Symptoms may include headaches, dizziness, and drowsiness. Harmful if inhaled. Eyes: Causes burns and may result in permanent injury to eyes including blindness.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No data available.

Carcinogenicity: IARC Monographs? Yes_ No X

OSHA Regulated? Yes_

NTP? Yes No X OSHA Regulated? Yes No X NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Seek medical attention at once.

Skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Ingestion: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: If symptoms are experienced, move victim to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

SECTION 7 - PREVENTATIVE AND CONTROL MEASURES

Ventilation: Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation (explosion proof) to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves (rubber or neoprene). Wear suitable protective clothing.

Eye Protection: Wear chemical goggles. Use face shield if splashing is

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation is experienced, an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a pre-filter respiratory (MSHA/NIOSH approved) protection should be worn. Ventilation and other forms of engineering controls are often the preferred means for controlling chemical exposures. Respiratory protection may be needed for non-routine or emergency situations.

Other Precautions: Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended. Keep out of the reach of children.

Steps to be Taken if Material is Spilled or Released: Isolate spill or leak area immediately. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where vapors may accumulate. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area.) Ventilate closed spaces before entering. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Floor will be slippery. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas. Absorb or cover the dry earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. For large spills, dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Water spray may reduce vapor but will increase foaming. Water may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. increase foaming. Water may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Waste Disposal: Comply with all local, state, and federal regulations. Consult your state DNR or the EPA for specific questions. Wastewater should never enter a fresh water body without treatment.

Handling and Storage: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Wash thoroughly after work using soap and water. Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep from freezing. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat, or other sources of ignition. Prevent electrostatic charge buildup by using common bonding and grounding techniques

SECTION 8 - OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

State Right-to-Know lists: Ethanol 64-17-5 AZ, CA, CT, FL, ID, MA, MN, NJ, PA, RI
Benzyl Chloride (trace impurity: <10ppm) AZ, CA, CAP65C, FL, IL, MA, MN, NJ, PA
Ecological Information: Very toxic to aquatic organisms. This product is biodegradable.
Toxicological Information: No carcinogenicity data available. Primary Skin: Corrosive-Category 1; Primary Eye: Corrosive-Category 1

SARA Title III, Sections 311/312. Classification of this product: Immediate, Fire